

Code: 9F00104

MCA I Semester Supplementary Examinations August 2014  
**MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE**

(For students admitted in 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012 & 2013 only)

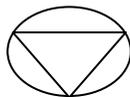
Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

Answer any FIVE questions  
All questions carry equal marks

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1. (a) Write short notes on natural forms.  
(b) Show that  $(\exists x) (P(x) \wedge Q(x)) \Rightarrow (\exists x) (P(x) \wedge \exists(x) Q(x))$  using rules of inference.
2. (a) What do you mean by proof of contradiction? Explain with a suitable example.  
(b) Show that  $\Rightarrow (7Q \wedge (P \rightarrow Q)) \rightarrow 7P$  by using automatic theorem proving.
3. (a) Define lattice. Let 'n' be the +ve integer and  $S_n$  be the set of all divisors of 'n'. Let  $n=6$  and D denotes the relations "Division",  $\forall a, b \in S_6, aDb$  iff "a divides b". Find out whether  $(S_6, D)$  is a lattice or not? Draw Hasse diagram.  
(b) Write short note on partial order relations.
4. (a) Show that the set  $G = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  is not a group under addition and multiplication module 6.  
(b) What is a monoid? Give three examples for a monoid.
5. (a) State and explain pigeon hole principle.  
(b) Let  $\langle R, +, \cdot \rangle$  be a ring and  $a, b, c$  be any elements of R. Prove the following:  
(i)  $a \cdot (-b) = (-a) \cdot b = -(a \cdot b)$   
(ii)  $(-a) \cdot (-b) = a \cdot b$   
(iii)  $-(a+b) = (-a) + (-b)$
6. (a) Find the number of integer solutions of the equation  $x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 + x_5 = 30$ . Under the constraints  $x_i \geq 0$  for  $i = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$  and further  $x_2$  is even and  $x_3$  is odd.  
(b) Using generating function. Solve  $Y_{n+2} - 4Y_{n+1} + 3Y_n = 0$  given  $Y_0 = 2, Y_1 = 4$ .
7. (a) Write and explain the procedure of BFS algorithm.  
(b) Construct the duals of the following planar graph.



8. Explain and exhibit the following:  
(i) A graph which has both an Euler circuit and a Hamilton cycle.  
(ii) A graph which was an Euler circuit but no Hamilton cycle.  
(iii) A graph which has a Hamilton cycle but no Euler circuit.  
(iv) A graph which has neither a Hamilton cycle nor an Euler circuit.

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